

MINISTRY OF HEALTH OF UKRAINE NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF PHARMACY

DEPARTMENT OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY AND VETERINARY MEDICINE

Biochemical transformation of Medications in the body

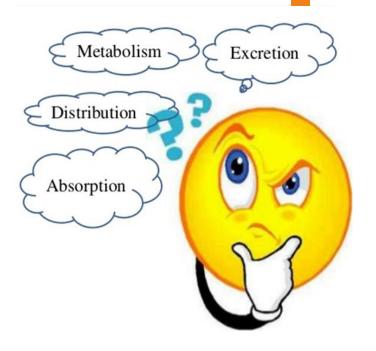


2023/2024 academic year

Subject «Biochemical Transformation of Medications in the Body»

An exciting connection between biological chemistry and pharmacy!

is the complex of biochemical knowledge that is used perform the tasks of pharmacy, and studies the metabolism of medications in healthy and sick organism. The pharmaceutical biochemistry possibilities widely used in solving problems of pharmacy with the involvement the achievements pharmaceutical chemistry, drug technology, toxicological chemistry.



Elective subject

«Biochemical Transformation of

Medications in the Body» is thought

at the Department of Biological chemistry and

Veterinary medicine for the 3rd year students (studied in the 5th semester).

Hours per semester 3 credit ECTS (90 hours).





The aim of studying

- get the basic knowledge of pharmaceutical drugs biotransformation in living organisms; to acquire knowledge about the functions of enzymes involved in the xenobiotics biotransformation systems to solve pharmacological, toxicological and medical problems.

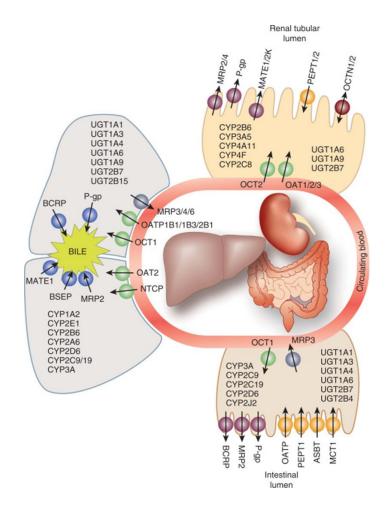


The importance of subject in pharmaceutical education

For the master's degree program in Pharmacy it is necessary to obtain theoretical and practically significant information about the complex of medications (xenobiotics) biotransformation in biosystems of different levels of organization.

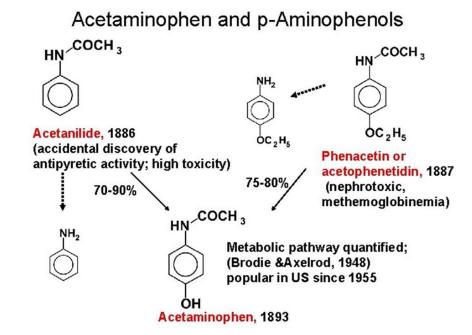
After studying the course you will know

- a set of theoretical and practical knowledge about the biotransformation of substances to solve scientific and applied problems;
- skills of search, selection and use of information on biotransformation of medications.

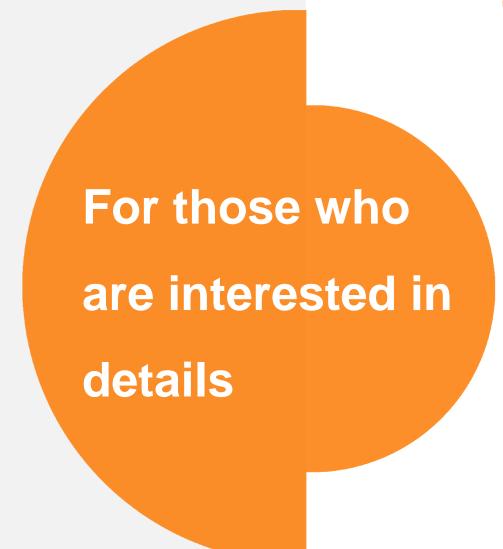


A little bit of history

the first results of the medication biotransformation study Although paracetamol was first tested in 1893, other aniline derivatives were used until 1948. But in 1948 it was proved that paracetamol is the main metabolite of acetanilide in human blood. In 1949, phenacetin was also metabolized to paracetamol. This led to the "rediscovery" of paracetamol.



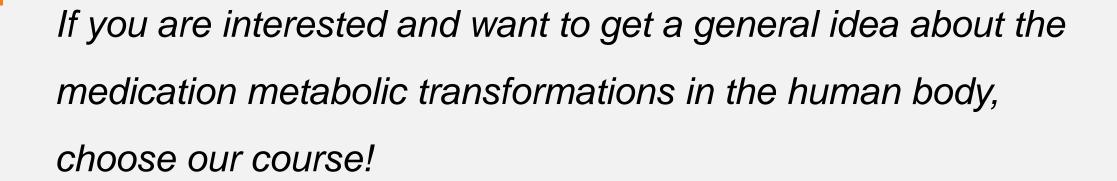
Paracetamol began to be widely used after the withdrawal of amidopyrine and phenacetin.



Topics that we will master

- ways of entering xenobiotics into the body;
- characteristics of hydrophilic and hydrophobic xenobiotics biotransformation;
- intracellular localization, physicochemical and biochemical properties of the biotransformation system enzymes in metabolism of xenobiotics and endogenous compounds
- phases of xenobiotics biotransformation, main types of biotransformation reactions;
- biotransformation multilevel regulation mechanisms of substances;
- medication metabolism characteristics, factors affecting the biotransformation rate.

Welcome!



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